

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 21, 2003

SENATE BILL

No. 292

Introduced by Senator Speier

February 19, 2003

An act to amend Section 4076 of the Business and Professions Code, relating to pharmacy.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 292, as amended, Speier. Pharmacy: prescription labels.

Under the Pharmacy Law, a pharmacist is required to dispense a prescription in a container that is correctly labeled. Existing law generally makes it a misdemeanor to knowingly violate the Pharmacy Law.

This bill would require the label to have a ~~color image of the tablet or capsule of the drug~~ *physical description of the drug, including its color, shape, and any identification code appearing on the tablets or capsules. The bill would grant an exemption from this requirement for a new drug in its first 120 days on the market and for 90 days during which the nation reference file has no description.* Because a knowing violation of the bill would be a misdemeanor, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 4076 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

4076. (a) A pharmacist shall not dispense any prescription except in a container that meets the requirements of state and federal law and is correctly labeled with all of the following:

(1) Except where the prescriber or the certified nurse-midwife who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol described in Section 2746.51, the nurse practitioner who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure described in Section 2836.1, or protocol, or the physician assistant who functions pursuant to Section 3502.1 orders otherwise, either the manufacturer's trade name of the drug or the generic name and the name of the manufacturer. Commonly used abbreviations may be used. Preparations containing two or more active ingredients may be identified by the manufacturer's trade name or the commonly used name or the principal active ingredients.

(2) The directions for the use of the drug.

(3) The name of the patient or patients.

(4) The name of the prescriber and, if applicable, the certified nurse-midwife who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure or protocol described in Section 2746.51, the nurse practitioner who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure described in Section 2836.1, or protocol, or the physician assistant who functions pursuant to Section 3502.1.

(5) The date of issue.

(6) The name and address of the pharmacy, and prescription number or other means of identifying the prescription.

(7) The strength of the drug or drugs dispensed.

(8) The quantity of the drug or drugs dispensed.

(9) The expiration date of the effectiveness of the drug dispensed.

(10) The condition for which the drug was prescribed if requested by the patient and the condition is indicated on the prescription.

~~(11) A color image of the tablet or capsule.~~

(11) *Effective January 1, 2006, the physical description of the prescribed medication, including its color, shape, and any identification code that appears on the tablets or capsules. An*

1 *exemption from the requirements of this paragraph shall be*
2 *granted to a new drug for the first 120 days that the drug is on the*
3 *market and for the 90 days during which the national reference file*
4 *has no description on file.*

5 (b) If a pharmacist dispenses a prescribed drug by means of a
6 unit dose medication system, as defined by administrative
7 regulation, for a patient in a skilled nursing, intermediate care, or
8 other health care facility, the requirements of this section will be
9 satisfied if the unit dose medication system contains the
10 aforementioned information or the information is otherwise
11 readily available at the time of drug administration.

12 (c) If a pharmacist dispenses a dangerous drug or device in a
13 facility licensed pursuant to Section 1250 of the Health and Safety
14 Code, it is not necessary to include on individual unit dose
15 containers for a specific patient, the name of the certified
16 nurse-midwife who functions pursuant to a standardized
17 procedure or protocol described in Section 2746.51, the nurse
18 practitioner who functions pursuant to a standardized procedure
19 described in Section 2836.1, or protocol, or the physician assistant
20 who functions pursuant to Section 3502.1.

21 SEC. 2. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
22 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
23 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
24 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
25 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
26 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
27 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
28 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
29 Constitution.

